

~~TOKAREV, A.A.~~

The Chausson city motorbus. Avt. i trakt. prom. no.2:45-47 F '57.
(MLRA 10:3)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.
(France--Motorbuses)

GOL'BREYKH, A.A.; TOKAREV, A.A.

Effect of the viscosity on the selection of working fluids for
hydraulic transmissions. Avt.prom. no.10:23-26 O '58.
(MIRA 11:11)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva.
(Oil hydraulic machinery) (Automobiles--Transmission devices)

TOKAREV, A.A.; GOL'BREYKH, A.A.

Hydraulic torque converter for motorbuses. Avt. i trakt. prom. no.9:
7-12 S '56. (MIRA 9:11)

1. Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni I. A. Likhacheva.
(Motorbuses--Transmission devices)

TOKAREV, A.A.

Evaluating dynamic properties of urban buses. Avt.prom. no.11:23-
26 N '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut.
(Motorbuses—Dynamics)

TOKAREV, A.A.

Evaluating the economy of fuel on city motorbuses. Avt.prom.
no.3:24-28 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Gosudarstvennyy soyuznyy ordena Trudovogo Krashhogo Znam. i i
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy avtomobil'nyy i avtomotornyy institut.
(Motorbuses)

BEREZHNINSKIY, V.G.; TOKAREV, A.F.

Automatic unit for the assembly of electrode-plate blocks of
alkaline batteries. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. Gos.nauch.-issl.
inst.nauch. i tekhn.inform. 16 no.5:12-43:63. (MIRA 16:7)
(Electric batteries)

ISAKHANYAN, N. T.; TOKAREV, A. I.; GONCHAROV, P. A.

Effect of the composition of molding sand mixtures on the probability of the formation of shrinkage cavities. Izv. vys. ucheb.zav.; chern.met.7 no. 5:147-153 '64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov.

TOKAREV, A.I.

Conditions favorable to the occurrence of shrinkage cavities in
castings. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 7 no.3:193-200
'64. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov.

TOKAREV, Aleksandr Ivanovich; SHNEYDERMAN, K.A., red.

[Toward the third goal] K tret'emu ruzetsu. Rostov-na-
Donu: Rostovskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1963. 12 p.

(b) 7:10)

1. Direktor sovkhoza "Udarnik", Tsvabrik'skogo proizvod-
stvennogo upravleniya, Rostovskoy oblasti (for Tokarev).

TOKAREV, A.I.

Balancing of a solid rotating about a fixed point. Trudy Inst.
mash. Sem. po teor. mash. 19 no. 73:39-47 '59. (MIRA 13:3)
(Mechanical movements)

TOKAREV, A.K.

Vibration boring in river beds. Avt. dor. 22 no.9:24-25 S '59.
(MIRA 12:12)

(Boring) (Bridge construction)

TOKAREV, A.K., inzh.

Using electric geophysical exploration in road surveying.
Avt. dor. 21 no.5:13-15 My '58. (MIRA 11:6)
(Road--Surveying) (Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

TOKAREV, A.K., inzh.

Electric exploration of water supply resources by using new
apparatus. Vod. i san. tekhn. no.6:23-27 Je '65.

(MIRA 18:8)

TOKAREV, A.K., inzh.

Using electrometric methods in exploring and prospecting for
deposits of road materials. Avt.dor. 21 no.10:18-20 0 '58.
(Road materials) (Electric measurements) (MIRA 11:11)

ЛУХРЕВ, А.К.

750 N. D. 3(5) PLATE I BOOK EXPLORATION Sov/1637
Akademiya Nauk SSSR. Komplektnaya antarkticheskaya ekspeditsiya.
Opyanye ekspeditsii na diesel'-elektricheskoye "Ob'" 1955-1956 gg.
(Perezhizhnye opisaniiia ekspeditsii na diesel'-elektricheskoye "Ob'" 1955-1956 gg.)
Nauchno-tekhnicheskaya ekspeditsiya na board chl. "Ob" 1955-1956 gg.
Russo-AN SSSR, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 237 p. 2,000 copies
printed.
Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Soviet po antarkticheskim
issledovaniyam. Chief Ed.: I. P. Bardin, Academician, Resp. Ed.
for this vol.: V. O. Kort, Professor, Chair, 1st trip of the
Marine Antarctic Expedition, USSR Academy of Sciences; Editorial
Board: A. A. Arfanasyev (Chair), N. V. Kukarev (Chair, Adminstration of the Northern
Sea Route), S. S. Roush (Vice-Chair), V. G. Bakayev (Minister of Transport),
V. P. Burdakov (Deputy Chair), N. V. Kukarev (Chair, Adminstration of the Northern
Sea Route), A. A. Zolotukhin (Chair, Main Administration of the Northern
Sea Route).

card 1/9

Hydroacousticological Service), V. D. Kort (Professor, Chief, 1st trip of the Marine Antarctic Expedition, USSR Academy of Sciences), M. N. Somov (Chief, Combined Antarctic Expedition, USSR Academy of Sciences), V. V. Prolov (Director, Arctic Scientific Research Institute), D. I. Skobtsov (Chairman of the Northern Sea Route), D. I. Skobtsov (Chairman, Council for Antarctic Research, USSR Academy of Sciences), Eds.: P. S. Kashina, House: E. I. Sprygin, and B. S. Zhdobet; Tech. Eds.: P. S. Kashina, capos: this volume is intended for the general reader.

purpose; this volume is intended for the general reader.

OVERVIEW: The Report of the Combined Antarctic Expedition of the AN-SOON, headed by M. N. Somov, contains an account of the work on the first trip of the Diesel-electric ship "Ob" to the Antarctic and the aims and problems involved, including the establishment of an observatory at Murmansk. A major part of the book is devoted to scientific research in aerology, astrophysics and astrometry,

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Observations and preliminary findings cited are in the field of hydrology and hydrochemistry, marine geology, geophysics, hydrography, and hydrobiology. A roster of the members of the Biological Studies (V. V. Arsen'ev, V. V. Prokof'yev, P. V. Zubakov, G. M. Polyakov, A. P. Andreev, and A. P. Pol'mer (deceased)) is given, and organization of studies is outlined.	172
Problems of plankton studies during the first trip of the combined Antarctic Expedition and the extent to which the plankton of the zones traveled was studied are discussed. Methods of study and the volume of the material collected preliminary considerations on the distribution of plankton in the investigated area (G. M. Bilevich, and P. V. Romanov).	173
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181	Quantitative studies of bottom fauna in Antarctic waters
182	Study of abyssal fauna
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183	(decrease)
183	Extent of biological studies and the problems involved in
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Methods of study	195
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ACC NR: AP6029051

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/014/0080/0080

INVENTORS: Kudryayevtsev, G. I.; Tokarev, A. V.; Gitis, S. S.; Ivanova, V. M.; Seina, Z. N.; Lyubova, T. A.; Nemleva, S. A.

ORG: none

TITLE: A method for obtaining modified polyethyleneterephthalate. Class 39, No. 183936 [Announced by All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Synthetic Fibers (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna)]

SOURCE: Izobret prom obraz tov zn, no. 14, 1966, 80

TOPIC TAGS: ~~plastics~~, polyethylene, ~~plastics~~, chemical synthesis

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for obtaining a modified polyethylene terephthalate by introducing modifying ingredients in the course of its synthesis. To increase the heat resistance of the polymer and of its products, the bifunctional derivatives of pyromellitimide (for instance, N,N'-(bis-ethoxy)pyromellitimide or N,N'-bis-acetylpyromellitimide) is used as the modifying addendum.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 02Jul65

Card 1/1

TOKAREV, A.V.; VYAVISHOV, G.I.

Synthesis and study of unsaturated fiber-forming polymers,
Part 1: Synthesis of unsaturated polyamides. Vysokomol. soed.,
6 no. 5:850-855 May '64.

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zheleznochetkogo
volokna.

5(4), 15(8)

SOV/76-33-3-8/41

AUTHORS: Tokarev, A. V., Spasskiy, S. S.

TITLE: Co-polymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters With Vinyl Monomers (Sopolimerizatsiya nenasyshchennykh poliefirov s vinilovymi monomerami). II. Determination of the Co-polymerization Constants (II. Opredeleniye konstant sopolimerizatsii)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, 1959, Vol 33, Nr 3,
pp 554 - 558 (USSR)ABSTRACT: The example of the system poly-1,3-butyleneglycolfumarate-styrene (I) serves as proof of the possibility of applying the integral equation according to Mayo and Lewis to the determination of the constants of co-polymerization of unsaturated polyesters together with vinyl derivatives. Co-polymerization was carried out in glass ampoules in a nitrogen atmosphere in the ultrathermostat at $60 \pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$ and 0.01% by weight of benzoyl peroxide. A comparison between the polystyrenes obtained and a product (Ref 7) described in publications is given (Table 1). With increasing reaction intensity in polymerization the styrene-content in the co-

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Co-polymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters With Vinyl Monomers. II. Determination of the Co-polymerization Constants SOV/76-33-3-8/41

polymer increases somewhat up to a certain extent (11-12% by weight). Two different experiments were carried out (Tables 3,4) in order to investigate the reactivity of the co-polymer; it was found that no soluble intermediate products form in this reaction. Only part of the double bonds of the polyester takes part in co-polymerization (Table 2), whereas the other part passes over into the co-polymer without any change, which fact has to be taken into account in connection with the calculation of the co-polymerization constants (CPC) by a corresponding correction. The calculation results of the (CPC) according to the equation by Mayo-Lewis, with the above correction, are in good agreement and are for (I) $r_1 = 3.0 \pm 0.4$ and $r_2 = 0.03 \pm 0.03$.

The values show that the radicals M_1^{\cdot} of the polyester do more rapidly react with its monomers than with styrene and that the styrene radical M_2^{\cdot} reacts predominantly with the unsaturated ester chains of the polyester, which is considered to be due to additional steric hindrances. In con-

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Co-polymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters With Vinyl Monomers. II. Determination of the Co-polymerization Constants

SOV/76-33-3-8/41

In conclusion the authors thank V. V. Korshak. There are 5 tables, and 7 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy filial Akademii nauk SSSR (Ural Branch of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: March 6, 1957

Card 3/3

TOKAREV, A.K. (Leningrad)

Vibration boring of shallow wells for water supply. Vod.i san.
tekh. no.11:6-9 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)
(Boring) (Water-supply engineering)

TOKAREV, A.K., kand.biol.nauk [deceased]

Some characteristics of the behavior of ocean herring during the
period of fattening. Trudy Vniro 36:5-18 '58. (MIRA 12:4)
(Atlantic Ocean—Herring)
(Fishes—Habits and behaviour)

TOKAREV, A.K., kand.biol.nauk [deceased]

Biological and hydrodynamic sounds uttered by fishes. Trudy VNIRO
36:272-279 '58.
(Fishes)
(Sound production by animals)

TOKAREV, A.K., inzh.

Vibrational boring of soils in surveying highways. Avt.dor.
21 no.3:23-25 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:3)
(Roads--Surveying) (Boring machinery)

TOKAREV, A. K.

Fisheries

Ways of improving the trade's reconnaissance for fish and marine animals. Ryb. khoz., 28, No. 5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1953? Unc1.

TOKAREV, A.K.
USSR/ Biology - Zoology

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 42/47

Authors : Tokarev, A. K.

Title : Schools of ordinary Caspian sprats

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR, 100/6, 1187-1189, Feb 21, 1955

Abstract : Information is presented regarding the basic industrial fish namely, the ordinary Caspian Sea sprats (seasons of the year and areas on the sea where large sprat schools are found). Four USSR references (1937-1948). Graphs; drawing.

Institution : All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Sea Fish Economy and Oceanography.

Presented by: Academician E. N. Pavlovskiy, November 10, 1954

TOKAREV, A.K. (Moskva)

Studying the distribution and behavior of marine commercial fishes
with the aid of a new location technique. Uch.zap.Kaz.un. 115 no.10:
71-72 '55. (MLRA 10:5)
(Sonar in fishing)

TOKAREV, A.K., inzh.

Vibration boring of soil when surveying for railroads. Transp.
stroi. 13 no.5:6-8 My '63. (MIRA 16:7)

(Railroads—Surveying) (Boring)

TOKAREV, A.K.

Boring of the shallow water supply wells by vibrators.
Khidrotekh i melior 8 no.4:118-119 '63.

TOKAREV, Aleksey Nikolayevich; SHCHERBAKOV, Aleksandr Vladimirovich;
SHCHEGOLEV, D.I., redaktor; ENTIN, M.L., redaktor izdatel'stva;
POPOV, N.D., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Radio hydrogeology] Radiogidrogeologija. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-
tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po geol. i okhrane nedr, 1956. 262 p.
(Water, Underground) (Radioactivity) (MLRA 10:3)

AL'TOVSKIY, M.Ye.; CHAPOVSKIY, Ye.G.; BABUSHKIN, V.D.; BINDEMAN, N.N.; LAPTEV, F.F.[deceased]; SOKOLOV, I.Yu.; CHALISCHEV, A.M.[deceased]; PROKHOROV, S.P.; TOKAREV, A.I.; KOROTEEV, A.P.; ABRAMOV, S.K.; KONOPIYANTSEV, A.A., red.; PRIKLONSKIY, V.A., red. [deceased]; SPITSYN, N.I., red.; MARINOV, N.A., red.; KULICHIKHIN, N.I., red.; GARMONOV, I.V., red.; LYUBCHENKO, Ye.K., red. izd-va; POTAPOV, V.S., red. izd-va; GUROVA, O.A., tekhn. red.

[Hydrogeologist's handbook] Spravochnik gidrogeologa. Pod ob-shchei red. M.E.Al'tovskogo. Moskva, ostoeltekhizdat, 1962. 615 p.

(Water, Underground)

TOKAREV, H. N.

AUTHOR: Popov, V.N. 89-10-34/36

TITLE: Review of the Book "Radiohydrogeology" by A.N. Tokarev,
A.V. Shcherbakov, Geological State Publishing House, 1956,
262 pages, price Roubles 13,40 ("Radiogidrogeologiya", Tokarev,
A.N., Shcherbakov A.V., Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1956, 262 stranits,
tsena 13,40 Rub.)

PERIODICAL: Atomnaya Energiya, 1957, Vol. 3, Nr 10, pp. 376-377 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This book is the first of its kind to be published in the Soviet Union. It consists of two parts. The first part contains three chapters: The first chapter discusses the causes of radioactive elements contained in water. The second chapter deals with the problem of various types of natural radioactive water. The third chapter is devoted to hydrogeological conditions which lead to the formation of uranium deposits. The second part consists of six chapters dealing with radiohydrogeological methods of investigation. The book contains both theoretical as also a large number of experimental data which were most suitable selected by the authors on the strength of their many years of experience. It is a drawback of this book that the text was not sufficiently well revised and corrected.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 1/1

BRODSKIY, A.A. [deceased]; TOKAREV, A.N., red.

[Fundamentals of hydrogeochemical prospecting methods for sulfide deposits.] *Osnovy gidrogeokhimicheskogo metoda poiskov sul'fidnykh mestorozhdenii. Moskva, Izd-vo Nedra,* 1964. 257 p. (Moscow. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrogeologii i inzhenernoi geologii. Trudy, no.12)

ROGAL'-LEVITSKIY, G.A., inzh.; TOKAREV, A.P., inzh.

Standard designs of boiler systems. Prom. energ. 20 no.2:45-46
'65. (MIRA 18:4)

VOLKOV, M.I., dots.; KOROLEV, S.A.; LOPATKIN, V.G., dots.; TOKAREV, A.P.; KOZLOVA, G.A., prof., red.; KOKOSHKO, A.G., red.; MARTYNOVA, M.N., tekhn. red.

[Socialist means of production] Sotsialisticheskii sposob proizvodstva. Moskva, Izd-vo "Mysl'." No.3. [Funds of socialist enterprises and the formation of net income in a socialist enterprise] Fondy sotsialisticheskikh predpriatii i obrazovanie chistogo dokhoda v sotsialisticheskem khozaiystve. 1964. 186 p. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kommunisticheskaya Partiya Sovetskogo Soyuza. Vysshaya partiynaya shkola. Kafedra politicheskoy ekonomii.

TOKAREV, Aleksandr Pavlovich

[Ground rent and the distribution of income on collective farms] Zemel'naia renta i raspredelenie dokhodov v kolkhozakh. Moskva, Mysl', 1964. 134 p. (MIRA 18:4)

SPASSKIY, S.S.; MIKHAYLOVA, M.A.; TOKAREV, A.V.; TARASOV, A.I.

Contact oxidation of commercial phenanthrene with oxygen from the
air. Zhur.prikl.khim. 29 no.3:447-458 Mr '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Ural'skiy filial Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Phenanthrene) (Oxidation)

SPASSKIY, S.S.; TOKAREV, A.V.; MIKHAYLOVA, M.A.; TARASOV, A.I.; MOLCHANOV, T. V.;
MAT'KOVA, M. Ye.

Copolymerization of unsaturated polyesters with vinyl monomers. Trudy
Inst. khim. UFAN SSSR no. 3:21-32 '59 (MIRA 14:3)
(Esters) (Vinyl compounds) (Polymerization)

5.3830

77395
SOV/79-30-1-56/78

AUTHORS: Spasskiy, S. S., Tokarev, A. V., Mikhaylova, M. A.,
Molchanova, T. V., Mat'kova, M. Ye.

TITLE: Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters With Vinyl
Monomers. III Concerning the Nature of Copolymeriza-
tion of Unsaturated Polyesters With Vinyl Monomers

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol 30, Nr 1, pp 250-257
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: Copolymers of poly(1,3-butylene glycol fumarate) with
vinylcarbazole, acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate, methyl
methacrylate, and poly(ethylene glycol fumarate) with
vinyl acetate were prepared in order to study the
nature of this copolymerization. Literature data
concerning the copolymerization constants of different
copolymers are reviewed. Copolymerization of polyesters
with acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate, and methyl meth-
acrylate was conducted in sealed glass ampoules in a

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With Vinyl Monomers. III.

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nitrogen atmosphere. The ampoules were placed in a thermostat at $60 \pm 0.1^\circ$. Benzoyl peroxide was used as an initiator. After completion of the reaction (to the given extent), the ampoules were removed from the thermostat and frozen with liquid nitrogen. The trimeric copolymer was separated from other products of reaction and the initial products by treatment with acetone containing traces of hydroquinone, and washing with acetone. Copolymerization of poly(1,3-butylene glycol fumarate) with vinylcarbazole was conducted in toluene solution (in nitrogen atmosphere) in the presence of benzoyl peroxide (up to 1%). The mixture was heated for 65 hr at 100° , but no copolymers were obtained. From the data obtained, the following conclusions were made: activity of acrylonitrile in the reactions with polyesters is low in comparison with its activity in the reactions with diesters of fumaric acid. Copolymerization of vinylcarbazole with polyesters does not take place at all. Apparently, the bulky substituents cause steric hindrance affecting

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With Vinyl Monomers. III77395
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the copolymerization process. The activity of vinyl acetate in the copolymerization remains unchanged. Copolymerization constants of the following copolymers were determined:

	r_1	r_2
Poly(1,3-butylene glycol fumarate) - acrylonitrile	1.12 ± 0.040	1.03 ± 0.2
Poly(1,3-butylene glycol fumarate) - methyl methacrylate	0.5 ± 0.5	2.1 ± 0.30
Poly(1,3-butylene glycol fumarate) - vinyl acetate	0.2 ± 0.2	0.15 ± 0.07
Poly(ethylene glycol fumarate) - vinyl acetate	0.2 ± 0.1	0.020 ± 0.02

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Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters
With Vinyl Monomers. III

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SOV/79-30-1-56/78

There are 4 tables; 2 figures; and 16 references, 2 U.S., 5 U.K., 9 Soviet. The 5 most recent U.S. and U.K. references are: B. Hayes, R. Hunter, Chem. and Ind., 1957, 559; V. Wycherly, Chem. and Ind., 1957, 491; W. Robertson, D. Shepherd, Chem. and Ind., 1958, 126; B. Hayes, W. Read, L. Vaygan, Chem. and Ind., 1162 (1957); F. Leavitt, V. Stannett, M. Szwarc, Chem. and Ind., 28, 985 (1957).

ASSOCIATION: Ural Branch of the Institute of Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, USSR (Uralskiy filial AN SSSR, Institut khimii)

SUBMITTED: July 29, 1958

Card 4/4

TOKAREV, A.V.; FINGER, G.G.

Seminar and conference on the chemistry and technology of
synthetic fibers. Khim. volok. no.1:75-76 '65.
(MIRA 18:2)
1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo
volokna.

15.8000 ~~15.8000~~ 2109.2209
Spasskiy
copolymer

15
AUTHORS:
TITLE:

PERIODICAL

MOVED FOR RELEASE: 01

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S/190/60/002/009/001/019
B004/B060

Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters
With Vinyl Monomers. VI. Thermomechanical
Analysis of the Copolymers of Unsaturated
Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers

behavior of the copolymers. A method developed by V. A. Kargin et al. (Refs. 5,4) was used for their investigation. Deformation as a function of temperature was measured by means of an apparatus designed by V. L. Taetlin, V. I. Gavrilov, N. A. Velikovskaya, and V. V. Kochkin (Ref. 5). Respective curves are shown in Fig. 1. The curves observed were of two types. In the first type (copolymers of the two polyesters with vinyl acetate and of poly-1,3-butylene glycol fumarate with styrene in an azeotropic ratio), deformation starts only at the decomposition temperature (between 270 and 290°C; at 240 - 245°C, only in the case of acrylenitrile copolymers). In the second type (copolymers with nonazeotropic ratio of components, copolymers with styrene excess, copolymers of methyl methacrylate), deformation already takes place at a lower temperature; but with further rising temperature the curve forms a plateau (deformation remains constant), until a further deformation occurs at the decomposition temperature. The curves of the first type are characteristic of $M_1-M_1-M_1$ and $M_1-M_2-M_1-M_2$ bonds, while the curves of the second type are

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S/190/60/002/009/001/019
B004/B060

Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters
With Vinyl Monomers. VI. Thermomechanical
Analysis of the Copolymers of Unsaturated
Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers

characteristic of linear structures with $M_2-M_2-M_2$ bonds. These results
confirm the structures calculated from the copolymerization constants.
The authors thank G. L. Slonimskiy for his introduction into the method
of thermomechanical analysis. There are 1 figure, 1 table, and 6 Soviet
references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR (Institute of
Chemistry of the Ural Branch AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: November 25, 1959

X

Card 3/3

5(4)

AUTHORS:

Spasskiy, S. S., Tarasov, A. I, Tokarev, A. V. Sov. 76-33-2-2/45
Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers
(Sopolimerizatsiya nenasyshchennykh poliefirov s vinilovymi
monomerami). I. Determination of the Number of Double Bonds
in Copolymers of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers
(I. Opredeleniye chisla dvoynykh svyazey v sopolimerakh ne-
nasyshchennykh poliefirov i vinilovykh monomerov)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal fizicheskoy khimii, 1959, Vol 33, Nr 2,
pp 249 - 254 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Although these copolymers represent new thermally reactive synthetic materials the principles involved in their copolymerization have not been sufficiently investigated. The possibilities of applying two methods, based on the additivity of the specific volumes and of the specific refractions, were investigated. The following systems were used in checking the methods: polydiethylene glycol fumarate - acrylonitrile; polydiethylene glycol fumarate (I) - styrene; (I)-methyl methacrylate; (I)-vinyl acetate. Laboratory workers M. A. Mikhaylova, T. V. Molchanova, M. K. Mat'kova participated in the experiments. The copolymerization was carried out

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Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers. I. Determination of the Number of Double Bonds in Copolymers of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers

SOV/76-33-2-2/45

in glass ampuls in the presence of 0.1% by weight benzoyl peroxide in a nitrogen atmosphere and at $60 \pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$. The index of refraction was determined using an Abbe refractometer. The magnitude of the specific shrinking of the polyester chain was determined by proceeding upon the assumption (Ref 7) that the shrinkage of the monomers in the polymerization (contraction) is dependent upon their structures. The styrene-methyl methacrylate system was tested using the rule of the additivity of the specific volumes (Table 2). The contraction was determined from the specific volumes of the diethyl fumarate (II) and polydiethyl fumarate (III) using the equation $P = M(\delta_F - \delta_{PF})$ (P = contraction, M = molecular weight of (II), δ_F , δ_{PF} = specific volumes of (II) and (III)); the value found was 16.7. The specific shrinkage for the chain of (I) was found to be 0.08971. The determination of the increments of the monomer double bond was carried out using the specific refraction (Table 4); a value of 0.0144 was found for (I). The results obtained by both

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Copolymerization of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers. I. Determination of the Number of Double Bonds in Copolymers of Unsaturated Polyesters and Vinyl Monomers

SOV/76-33-2-2/45

methods described above (Table 5) are in good agreement, and it may be concluded from these determinations that both methods are equally valid in determining the copolymerization constants of unsaturated polyesters and vinyl derivatives. There are 5 tables and 8 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy filial Akademii nauk SSSR, Sverdlovsk (Ural Branch of the Academy of Sciences, USSR, Sverdlovsk)

SUBMITTED: March 6, 1957

Card 3/3

68949
sov/81-59-24-88951

5.3830
Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 24, p 643 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Tokarev, A.V., Spasskiy, S.S.

TITLE: An Investigation of the Copolymers of Poly-1,3-Butyleneglycolfumarate and Styrene

PERIODICAL: Tr. In-ta metallurgii, Ural'skiy fil. AS USSR, 1958, Nr 4, pp 127 - 132

ABSTRACT: Diagrams plotted of the integral and differential composition of the copolymers show that in the case of the initial ratios of the monomers, which differ from azeotropic ratios, the reaction mixture is enriched in styrene. The dependence between the structure of copolymers and their mechanical properties was studied by means of Kargin's method based on the plotting of thermomechanical curves, on which the polystyrene regions can be detected. The samples for the test were prepared by block polymerization in an N_2 atmosphere in the presence of benzoyl peroxide at $70^\circ C$ and various initial ratios of the components. Together with the trimer also linear polystyrene chains are contained in the copolymer; at the same time also copolymers are formed which are relatively homogeneous in their composition. ✓

Card 1/2

68949

SOV/81-59-24-88951

An Investigation of the Copolymers of Poly-1,3-Butyleneglycolfumarate and Styrene

With an increase in the styrene content in the initial mixture the mechanical resistance of the copolymer (impact and bending resistance) deteriorates. The copolymers are solid, transparent, almost colorless, substances which are insoluble in any of the usual solvents. The study of the physical-mechanical and electrical properties showed that the new substance can be used as electric insulation material. ✓

N. Motovilova

Card 2/2

SPASSKIY, S.S.; MAT'KOVA, M.Ye.; TOKAREV, A.V.

Copolymerization of unsaturated polyesters with vinyl monomers.
Part 6. Vysokom. soed. 2 no.9:1297-1300 S '60.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Institut khimii Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR.
(Esters) (Vinyl compounds)
(Polymers--Thermal properties)

TOKAEV A.V

PB 1

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/3938

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Ural'skiy filial. Institut khimii.

Sbornik rabot laboratorii vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy, No. 2 (Collected Papers of the Laboratory of High-Molecular Compounds, No. 2) Sverdlovsk, 1959. 53 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 3) Errata slip inserted.

Eds.: V.G. Plyusnin, Doctor of Chemistry, and V.N. Kozlov, Doctor of Technical Sciences; Tech. Ed.: N.F. Seredkina.

PURPOSE: This collection of three articles is intended for chemists and technicians interested in the chemistry of high-molecular compounds and polymers.

COVERAGE: The first article of this collection discusses the expression of the activity factor in the Alfrey and Price equation by a constant which could be determined independently of equations

Card 1/3

Collected Papers of the Laboratory (Cont.)

SOV/3938

$$r_1 = \frac{Q_1}{Q_2} e^{-e_1(e_1 - e_2)}, \quad r_2 = \frac{Q_2}{Q_1} e^{-e_2(e_2 - e_1)}, \text{ where } r_1 \text{ and}$$

r_2 are the copolymerization constants, Q_1 and Q_2 are the activity factors of the monomers, e_1 and e_2 are the polar factors of the monomers, and e is the base of the natural logarithms. The article explores the possibility of using for this end a value characterizing the dimensions [size] of the electron cloud formed by π -electrons of the reacting double and short bonds conjugated with it. The second article reports on a study made of the copolymerization of polydiethylene glycol fumarate and of poly-1, 3-butylene glycol fumarate with styrol, methylmethacrylate, acrylonitrile and vinyl acetate to explain the peculiarities of the copolymerization reaction of unsaturated polyesters with vinyl monomers. The third article reports on a study of the behavior of nitrile rubbers and polyesters of various structure used as plasticizers. L.M. Gindin, A.D. Abkin, and S.S. Medvedev are mentioned. References accompany each article.

Card 2/3

Collected Papers of the Laboratory (Cont.)

SOV/3938

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

TM/rem/1st
8-16-60

TOKAREV, A., inzh.

Vibration drilling of soil in winter. Avt. dor. 26 no. 1:21-22
Ja '63. (MIRA 16:6)
(Boring)

TOKAREV, A., inzh.

Operating requirements of a large-capacity city bus. Avt.transp.
38 no.6:41-43 Je '60. (MIR 14:4)
(Motorbuses)

KONDEMOV, M. I.; TATAROV, P. N.; POKREV, A. I.

Automatic proportioning device for mineralizing additions.
Ogneupory 29 no. 10:440-442 '61.
(MIRA 18:7)

I. Pervoural'skiy dirasovyy zavod.

AL'TOVSKIY, M. Ye.; GOLEVA, G.A.; KRAYNOV, S.R.; SLAVYANOVA, L.V.;
TOKAREV, A.N.; FROLOV, N.M.; SHVETS, V.M.

Development of V.I.Vernadskii's concept in present-day hydrogeology.
Trudy VSEGINGEO no.9:5-20 '64.
(MIRA 17:10)

TOKAREV, A. V., Cand of Chem Sci -- (diss) "Polymerization of the Poly-1,3 Butylenglicol-phumarate With a Sterol," Sverdlovsk, 1959, 10 pp (Institute of Chemistry, Ural Affiliate of the Academy of Sciences USSR) (KL, 4-60, 115)

To KAREV, A.U.

Abrikosov, N.N. Unraveling of the Institute of Metallurgy, Ural Branch, Institute metallurgists.	2
Shchukin, V.P. (Transactions of the Institute of Metallurgy, Ural Branch, Academy of Sciences, USSR, No. 1, Sverdlovsk, 1958. 157 p. Errata, only 1500 copies printed.	2
Metallic Branch: N.A. Vatolin (Bapt., Ed.), Candidate of Technical Sciences; A.M. Moshinetsky, Professor; Doctor V.P. Miller, Professor; Professor; Candidate of Technical Sciences; and S.G. Litvinov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; N.M. Barmakovsky.	2
NOTES: This book is intended for ferrous and nonferrous metallurgists.	2
CONTENTS: The book presents results of investigations of theoretical problems in metallurgy and chemistry and gives information on the efficient use of new materials in ferrous and nonferrous metallurgy and on the development of new production processes in the metallurgical and chemical industries. The articles were written by junior members and experienced specialists of the scientific staff of the Institute of Metallurgy, Chemistry, and Electrochemistry, Ural Branch, Academy of Sciences, USSR, and those connected with the Institute of Metallurgy during the following period:	2
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TOKAREV, A.V.; SPASSKIY, S.S.

~~Investigating the copolymers poly-1,3-butanediol fumarate and styrene. Trudy Inst. met. UFAN SSSR no.4:127-133 '58.~~
(MIRA 12:10)
(Polymers)

W - ¹⁴ The best yields of formal heptane products, (methane, methylcyclohexane, cyclohexane, and anisotoluene) were followed, as well as on aromatic hydrocarbons, in the presence of the best catalyst.

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001756020004-6"

SPASSKIY, S.S.; TARASOV, A.I.; TOKAREV, A.V.

Copolymerization of unsaturated polyesters and vinyl monomers.
Part 1: Determination of the number of double bonds in copolymers of unsaturated polyesters and vinyl monomers [with summary in English]. Zhur.fiz.khim. 33 no.2:249-254 F '59.

(MIRA 12:4)

1. Ural'skiy filial AN SSSR, Sverdlovsk.
(Polymers) (Chemical bonds)

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Plants for Technical Use. M
Oil Plants. Sugar Plants.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 6, 1959, No. 24953

Author : Tokarev, B.

Inst : Not given

Title : Productivity of Cotton Crop Rotations on
the "Hunger Steppe" with Two or Three Fields
of Grasses

Orig Pub : Khlopkovodstvo, 1958, No 3, 38-40

Abstract : Experiments on the productivity study of
cotton-alfalfa crop rotations under the
conditions of the "Hunger Steppe", conducted
by the Pakhta-Aral' Experimental Station of
the Kazakh Institute of Agriculture, indicated
that the greatest retardation in the growth
and development of cotton is observed in crop

Card 1/2

TOKAREV B.

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Technical, Oliginous, Sacchariferous.

1-7

Abs Jour : Ref Znat - Biol., No 9, 1956, 59393

Author : Tokarev, B.

Inst : -

Title : The System of Pre-Sowing Soil Cultivation by Mas-100, Irrigation.

Orig Pub : Ktlopkovodstvo, 1957, No 3, 39-41

Abstract : The experiment took place in the Pakita-Aral'ck experimental station with following versions: pre-sowing harrowing in two trials, chiseling the depth of 10-12 cm with subsequent harrowing, re-ploting of the fall plowing with subsequent harrowing. The greatest yield of cotton wool was obtained by chiseling. In the Kolkhoz im. Kirov'k'ly a fall-winter washing on 450 ha and pre-soil cultivation by shallow LD-10 disk plows to a depth of 8-10 cm with simultaneous harrowing in own tracks were applied for the 1956 harvest. The yield of cotton wool was 38 cwt/ha.

Card 1/2

- 103 -

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Technical, Oleginov, Sackriferous. 11-7

Abs Jour : Ref Tur - Biol., N 9, 1953, 30393

The best methods of pre-sowing fall-plowing cultivation with light gray desert soils on salted soils of the Golodnaya steppe after washing are chiseling to a depth of 10-12 cm or disking by shallow plows to a depth of 8-10 cm with simultaneous harrowing in two tracks in one aggregate. The sowing of cotton plant takes place immediately after presowing cultivation. -- P.N. Kizim

Card 2/2

TOKAREVA, B.A., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Gadfly larva in the anterior chamber of the eye. Vest. oft.
34 no.5:40-41 S-0 '55. (MLRA 8:11)

1. Iz glaznogo otdeleniya I. Moskovskoy detskoy klinicheskoy
bol'nitsy.

(MYIASIS,

ocular, gadfly larva)

(EYE, diseases,

myiasis, gadfly larva)

• B. V. Tokarev, B. I.

AID P - 4096

Subject : USSR/Electricity

Card 1/2 Pub. 27 - 7/24

Authors : Goryainov, F. A., Kand. Tech. Sci., Dotsent, and B. F. Tokarev, Kand. Tech. Sci., Moscow

Title : Influence of magnetic asymmetry upon the performance of a three-step rotating regulator.

Periodical : Elektrichestvo, 11, 43-46, N 1955

Abstract : The authors investigate the influence of magnetic asymmetry on the basis of a magnetic equivalent circuit of the rotating regulator. They analyze two cases of asymmetry: the one occurring when under the like poles of the first and third steps and also of the second and third steps a larger air gap is placed than under the poles of opposite polarity; the second, when under the like poles of the first and third and also second and third steps a smaller air gap is placed than under the poles of opposite polarity. The authors conclude that

Elektrichestvo, 11, 43-46, N 1955

AID P - 4096

Card 2/2 Pub. 27 - 7/24

In the first case the magnetic asymmetry causes a sharp decline of the coefficient of amplification, and in the second is the cause of self-excitation of the rotating regulator. Five drawings and diagrams.

Institution : Moscow Power Engineering Institute im. Molotov

Submitted : Fe 21, 1955

TOKAREV, B.F.

112-3-5813

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1957,
Nr 3, pp. 108-109 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Goryainov, F.A., and Tokarev, B.F.

TITLE: Transients in a Three-Stage Longitudinal-Field Dyna-
motor (Perekhodnyye protsessy v trekhstupenchatom EMU
prodol'nogo polya)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Mosk. energ. in-ta, 1956, Nr 16, pp. 134-144

ABSTRACT: A three-stage longitudinal-field self-excited dynamo-
electric amplifier is discussed; it possesses high power
gain and rapid response. [Included in the abstract is
a schematic diagram of the dynamo-electric amplifier,
showing the first stage control winding (located on two
opposite poles); the third stage control winding (located
on all main poles); the self-excitation winding (located
on all main poles; compensating winding (located on the
same poles as the first stage control winding); and a
winding for auxiliary commutating poles]. The dyna-
motor has three stages of amplification and excitation.

Card 1/4

112-3-5813

Transients in a Three-Stage Longitudinal-Field Dynamotor

If the magnetic circuit is not saturated, and if the armature reaction due to current I_{24} is fully compensated, the following system of linear differential equations may be written: First stage: $m_y U_y = (1 + pT_y)E_{13T}$

Second stage: $m_2 E_{13} = (1 + pT_2)E_{24T}$ Third stage: $m_3 E_{24} =$

$(1 + pT_{e_1})(1 + pT_{e_2})E_{3T}$, where $m_y = \frac{E_{13}}{U_y}$,
 $m_2 = \frac{E_{24}}{E_{13}}$, $m_3 = \frac{E_{3T}}{E_{24}}$.. voltage

gain of the corresponding stage; T_y , T_2 , etc., are time constants computed by means of formulas provided in the text. A relationship between U_y (the input voltage) and E_{3T} (the output voltage) is obtained from the above system of equations:

$$mU_y = (1 + pT_y)(2 + pT_2)(1 + pT_{e_1})(1 + pT_{e_2})E_{3T}$$

Card 2/4

112-3-5813

Transients in a Three-Stage Longitudinal-Field Dynamotor

where $m = m_1 m_2 m_3$ is the overall voltage gain. In the event there are no auxiliary commutating poles in the dynamotor, the relationship between U_y and E_{3T} assumes the following form:

$$m U_y = (1 + pT_y)(1 + pT_2)(1 + pT_e) E_{3T} ,$$

where $T_e = \frac{R_{sh}}{R_{sh} - R_c} (T_{sh} + T_3)$; R_{sh} - resistance of the self-exciting circuit; R_c - critical resistance. The formulae obtained were checked by comparison of design and experimental data for 400-watt dynamotors. The following conclusions may be made on the basis of the comparison: 1. The duration of a transient is determined mainly by the maximum equivalent time constant of the third (last) stage (T_{sh} or T_e). The value of this time constant depends upon the ratio of R_{sh} to R_c . The larger the resistance R_{sh} in comparison with R_c , the more rapid the transient, but

Card 3/4

112-3-5813

Transients in a Three-Stage Longitudinal-Field Dynamotor

the smaller the power gain. The equivalent time constant can be decreased by decreasing the time constant of the circuit of brushes 2 and 4 and of the self-excitation winding. The time constant of the circuit of brushes 2 and 4 can be decreased by reducing the number of turns of the third stage control winding. 2. Insufficient compensation of the armature reaction to current I_{24} accelerates the transient to some extent, and overcompensation retards the transient. 3. The coincidence of the design and experimental curves is sufficiently close for application of the equations to the computation of transients in the three-stage dynamo-electric amplifier.

O.I.Z.

ASSOCIATION: Moscow Institute of Power Engineering (Mosk. energ. in-t)

Card 4/4

TOKAREV, B. F.
and
GORYAINOV, F. A.

"Transient Processes in a Three-Stage Amplidyne with Longitudinal Field," pp 134-144, ill

Abst: Differential equations are presented which describe the transient process in an amplidyne with three-stage excitation.

SOURCE: Trudy Moskovskogo Energeticheskogo In-ta im. V. M. Molotova (Works of the Moscow Energetics Institute imeni V. M. Molotov), No 16, Electromechanics, Moscow-Leningrad, Gosenergoizdat, 1956.

112-1-722

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1957, Nr 1, p. 120 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Goryainov, F. A., Tokarev, B. F.

TITLE: Design of a Three-Stage Dynamoelectric Amplifier of the Longitudinal Field (K raschetu trekhstupenchatogo elektromashinnogo usilitelya prodol'nogo polya)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Mosk. energ. in-ta, 1956, Nr 16, pp. 145-148

ABSTRACT: Recommendations are given concerning the design of a 4-pole 3-stage amplifier (EMU) of the longitudinal field, with self-excitation winding in the last stage. The calculation is done separately for every stage starting from the terminal (third), because of the unsaturated magnetic system. The selection of the main dimensions is made according to the formula of the machine constant. The values of B_j are taken as 1.5 to 3 times, and those of AS as 1.1 to 1.2 times smaller than in normal machines. A percentage value of the relationship between the magnetizing force of the self-excitation winding and of the control winding of the third stage is given, and also between the output currents of the third, second and first stages. The magnetizing forces of the control windings of the second and first stages are determined from the conditions

Card 1/2

112-1-722

Design of a Three- Stage Dynamoelectric Amplifier of the Longitudinal Field (Cont.)

of generating the electromotive force which provides the required current in the controlling winding of the subsequent stage. In order to secure normal commutation of all three armature currents, the auxiliary poles of the EMU are provided with four coils each. A connection diagram for these coils is provided and formulas for the selection of the number of their turns are given. The compensating winding for compensating the armature reaction of the third stage control current is placed on the same poles as the control winding of the first stage. The compensating winding has a number of turns per pole equal to $N/16$, where N is the number of active armature conductors. V. S.M.

Card 2/2

8(3)

AUTHOR:

Tokarev, Boris Fedorovich, Candidate SOV/161-58-2-17/30
of Technical Sciences, Docent at the Chair for Electrical
Machines of the Moscow Power Engineering Institute

TITLE:

Static Characteristics of a Three-Stage Electrodynamic
Longitudinal Field Amplifier (Staticheskiye kharakteristiki
trekhstupenchatogo elektromashinnogo usilitelya prodol'nogo
polya)

PERIODICAL:

Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Elektromekhanika i avtomatika,
1958, Nr 2, pp 139 - 145 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The three-stage electrodynamic longitudinal field amplifier
is carried out in such a way as not to be totally exploited
with regard to its magnetic properties as is the case with
all electrodynamic amplifiers. Therefore, the analysis of
its characteristics can be made without considering the
saturation of the magnetic system. The three stages are ana-
lyzed. Unlike the first two stages the third one is a
quadripole system. The amplification factor K is then in-
vestigated and the formula for its determination is derived.
This formula demonstrates the influence of all construction

Card 1/2

Static Characteristics of a Three-Stage Electrodynamic Longitudinal Field Amplifier SOV/161-58-2-17/30

and electromagnetic principal parameters on the amplification factor. At a given output the factor K of the three-stage electrodynamic longitudinal field amplifier increases with decreasing induction within the air gap, with reduction of the air gap and of the current density in the windings. For this reason, in order to attain an increase in the amplification factor a machine has to be used the magnetic and electric properties of which are not completely exploited. From the same formula it can be seen that with an increase in the rotational speed and with an increase of the number of active conductors of the armature winding the amplification factor rises, all other conditions remaining unchanged. An increase in the number of turns of the control winding of the third stage also leads to an increase in the amplification factor. There is 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Kafedra elektricheskikh mashin Moskovskogo energeticheskogo instituta (Chair for Electrical Machines of the Moscow Power Engineering Institute)

SUBMITTED: January 2, 1958
Card 2/2

S(3)
AUTHOR:Tokarev, B. F., Candidate of Technical
Sciences, Docent

SOV/105-59-7-3/30

TITLE:

Commutation in Multi-stage Electromotor Amplifiers of the
Longitudinal Field (Kommutatsiya v mnogostupenchatykh EMU
prodol'nogo polya)

PERIODICAL:

Elektrichestvo, 1959, Nr 7, pp 13 - 18 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Additional poles of multi-stage electromotor amplifiers of the longitudinal field generate a commutating field for the currents of various intensities flowing in the armature coil. This is attained by connecting the windings of the additional poles according to the special circuit described in reference 1. It is shown here that this circuit is not able to warrant satisfactory commutation of the currents of the various stages, because the unequal conditions in their commutation are not taken into account. A method of calculating the commutation and the additional poles in multi-stage electromotor amplifiers of the longitudinal field is precisely described. The commutation of a three-stage amplifier is investigated. However, the results obtained apply also to a two-stage one. As regards construction, the three-stage electric machine amplifier is a direct current motor with 4 poles. The

Card 1/3

Commutation in Multi-stage Electromotor Amplifiers of the SOV/105-59-7-3/30
Longitudinal Field

armature coil is a lap winding without equipotential connections. The winding pitch is nearly equal or equal to the pole pitch. On two opposed poles (e.g. 1 and 3) the control winding is fitted. In the armature coil of a three-stage amplifier three currents, viz. I_{13} , I_{24} and the load current I_3 flow. I_{13} and I_{24} are generated by the double-pole-, and I_3 by a four-pole excitation system. In each of the commutating sections two currents are commutated (I_3 and I_{13} or I_3 and I_{24}). The reactive e.m.f. for each of these currents is determined. It is shown that the currents I_{13} and I_{24} exercise no reciprocal influence upon the generation of the reactive e.m.f. in the commutation sections during commutation. It is further shown that the resulting inductivity of all sections of an air gap during commutation of the current I_3 will be greater than the resulting inductivity of the same section in the commutation of I_{13} and I_{24} . When calculating the additional poles and the reactive e.m.f. of the commutation sections in a three-stage electromotor amplifier

Card 2/3

Commutation in Multi-stage Electromotor Amplifiers of the SOV/105-59-7-3/30
Longitudinal Field

must be taken into account. In each of the 4 commutation zones of the three-stage amplifier all three currents are commutated. Therefore, the additional poles must compensate the armature coil in each of the zones and must generate the commutation field for all currents. For the purpose of determining the number of windings of additional poles of the first and second stage, formula (16), and for determining that of the third stage formula (17) is written down. Figure 5 shows that the polarity of the additional poles does not agree for the various stages. In order to warrant satisfactory commutation in all stages the winding of the additional poles must be connected according to the wiring diagram shown by figure 6. There are 8 figures and 3 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut (Moscow Institute of Power Engineering)

SUBMITTED: October 28, 1958

Card 3/3

TOKAREV, B.F.

Translators of "Radiotekhnika i elektronika po avtomaticheskym protsessam v proizvodstvennykh

radiotekhnicheskikh

radiotekhnicheskikh i elektronicheskikh po avtomaticheskym protsessam v proizvodstvennykh

PURPOSE. The collection of reports is intended for the scientific and technical personnel of scientific research institutes, plants and schools of higher education.

CONTENTS. The book is a collection of reports submitted by scientific workers at plants, scientific institutes and schools of higher education at the third All-Union Conference on the Automation of Industrial Processes in Machine Building and Automated Electric Drives in Industry held in Moscow on May 12-16, 1959. The Conference was called by the Academy of Sciences USSR, the Central Planning Commission (GOSPLAN USSR), the Gorky Scientific Council for Automation and Machine Building, and the National Committee on Automation and Numerically-controlled Devices, the USSR (Vsesoyuzny Institute of Radioelectronics, the Institute of Automation and Telemechanics) and the Institute of Mathematics, M. V. Lomonosov (Commission on the Technology of Machines of the Academy of Sciences USSR).

In view of the purpose of the Conference, the reports in a way which would ensure a relatively systematic presentation of theoretical and practical problems relating to electric drives and automatic controls of industrial machines and in various branches of industry, basic problems of automated electric drive mechatronics and means of automation are outlined. The book also contains articles on semiconductor automatic control systems, including systems with semiconductor devices and magnetic amplifiers, and to computers intended both for the analysis and the synthesis of linear and nonlinear automatic regulation and control systems. Reports already published there which have appeared in volume 1 of the "Transactions of the Journal 'Radioelektronika i elektronika po avtomaticheskym protsessam v proizvodstvennykh radiotekhnicheskikh i elektronicheskikh po avtomaticheskym protsessam v proizvodstvennykh

PART II. GENERAL PROBLEMS OF INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC DRIVES AND AUTOMATION OF CONTROL.

Bobrikov, M. M., Doctor of Technical Sciences, and N. N. Sazanov, Engineer.

Generalized Induction Machines and Problems of Their Application.

Georgiev, A. A., Doctor, Candidate of Technical Sciences. High-Power Rotating Amplifiers.

Georgiev, A. A., Doctor, Candidate of Technical Sciences. Rotating Amplifiers in the Industrial Field.

Kolosov, V. A., Doctor of Technical Sciences. Rotating Amplifiers of Industrial Drives.

Korolev, V. A., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Rotating Amplifiers Combining a Magnetic Amplifier With an Electric Machine.

Korolev, B. I., and I. A. Sazanov, Engineers. Ways of Improving the Operation of Step-by-Step Electric Motors.

Korolev, V. A., Doctor of Technical Sciences. Construction Problems of Modern Low-Voltage Equipment.

Korolev, V. A., and M. M. Sazanov, Engineers. Interlocking Control With the Use of Standard Units of Low-Current Equipment.

Shatovitch, I. Yu., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Magnetic Amplifiers for Automatic Control Systems and the Regulation of Industrial Electric Drives.

Sokolov, S. A., Engineer, and I. D. Kostrikov, Doctor, Candidate of Technical Sciences. Calculation of Single-Phase Magnetic Amplifiers With Self-Help.

Vol'kin, D. I., Doctor of Technical Sciences. Improving Reliability and Economy of Long-Distance Transformer Transmissions.

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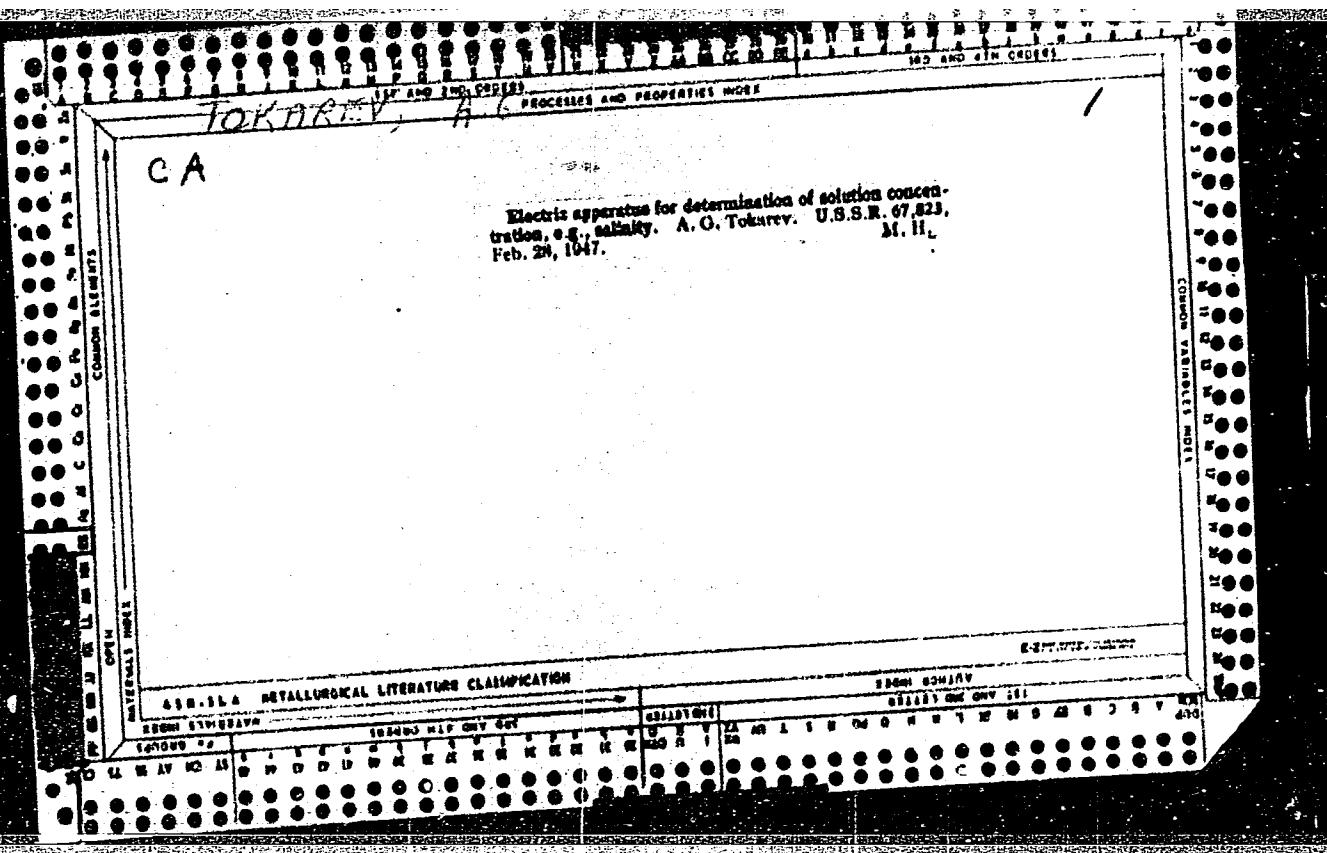
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Microsynthesis of hydrocyanic acid. V. I. Malmend, B. V. Tokarev, and M. M. Shemyakin. *Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR*, 81, 193-7 (1951). —In a large test tube in a N atm. are placed 100-400 mg. BaCO₃ and 3 parts KN₃ 1-1.2 g. K is added, and in slow N stream the test tube (tilted at 45° angle) is heated with a bare flame, then in an elec. heater to 300-400° for 3-5 min.; the tube is placed in a tube furnace and heated 2-3 min. to 750-80°, cooled, and the contents are treated with 3-4 ml. H₂O or 50% MeOH; the soln. is acidified by 5 ml. 40% H₂SO₄, and HCN is distilled into N MeONa in MeOH; the yield is 85-90%. Similar heating in a N atm. of 2 g. KN₃ and 0.1 g. K or Na, cooling after the azide had decomposed, addn. of 100 mg. BaCO₃, and heating as above for 8-10 min. at 300-400° and 2-3 min. at 750-80°, gave 80-5% HCN. Pure KN₃ is essential. G. M. Kosolapoff

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